# DESIGNING USER-ORIENTED WEB PAGES

# ANATOMY OF A WEB SITE

#### **SERVER**

Content (text, multimedia, attributes, ...)
Content structure
Page generator

#### **CLIENT**

SEE INTERACT FORM Visual design + content Navigation Queries

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SEE INTERACT FORM

Visual design + content Navigation

Queries

#### REFERENCES:

JESSE JAMES GARRETT

THE ELEMENTS OF USER EXPERIENCE
- USER-CENTERED DESIGN
FOR THE WEB

HTTP://WWW.JJG.NET

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SECOND EDITION

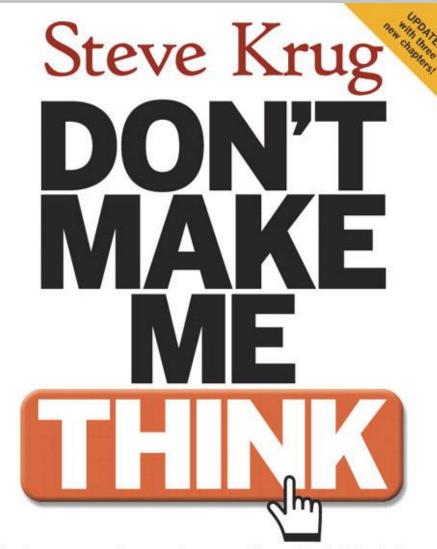
USER-CENTERED DESIGN FOR THE WEB AND BEYOND

Jesse James Garrett

## **REFERENCES:**

STEVE KRUG

DON'T MAKE
ME THINK
- A COMMON SENSE
APPROACH TO
WEB USABILITY



A Common Sense Approach to Web Usability

SECOND EDITION

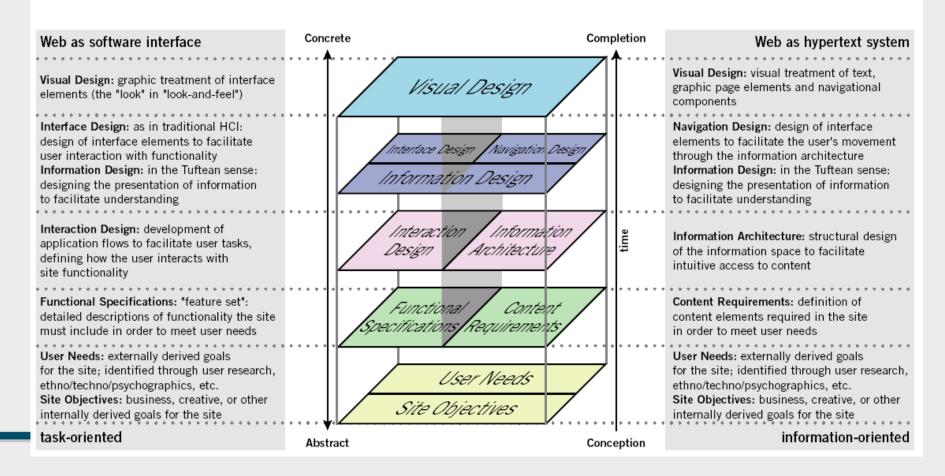
## **JESSE JAMES GARRETT**

#### The Elements of User Experience

Jesse James Garrett jjg@jjg.net

30 March 2000

A basic duality: The Web was originally conceived as a hypertextual information space; but the development of increasingly sophisticated front- and back-end technologies has fostered its use as a remote software interface. This dual nature has led to much confusion, as user experience practitioners have attempted to adapt their terminology to cases beyond the scope of its original application. The goal of this document is to define some of these terms within their appropriate contexts, and to clarify the underlying relationships among these various elements.



# STAGE 1: USER NEEDS, SITE OBJECTIVES

## SITE OBJECTIVES

#### WHO IS MY TARGET AUDIENCE?

e.g. elderly people EXTERNAL MOTIVATION

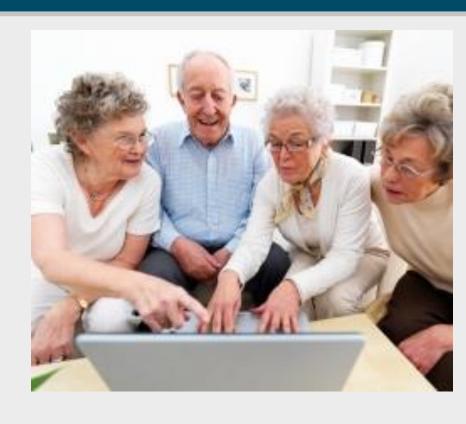
#### WHAT ARE MY GOALS?

e.g. teach the elderly to work with computers INTERNAL MOTIVATION

## WHO IS MY AUDIENCE?

## PSYCHOLOGY, SOCIOLOGY, CULTURE, EDUCATION

Are they patient, motivated, experienced, shy, smug, picky, independent...?



#### TECHNICAL SPECIFICS

Bandwidth, display resolution, browser age, interaction options, ...

#### WHO IS MY AUDIENCE?

#### DIVIDE USERS INTO GROUPS IF NECESSARY

- e.g.
- elderly students
- young teachers

Later on, this will become ...

user roles

#### ESTIMATE THEIR DESIRED ACTIONS

- e.g.
- contact my teacher
- publish a new tutorial Later on, this will become ...

user scenarios

## WHAT ARE MY GOALS?

#### **DEFAULT GOALS**

e.g. attract (and keep) attention, search engine appreciation, content relevance

#### SPECIFY OWN GOALS

e.g. teach old people to use computers

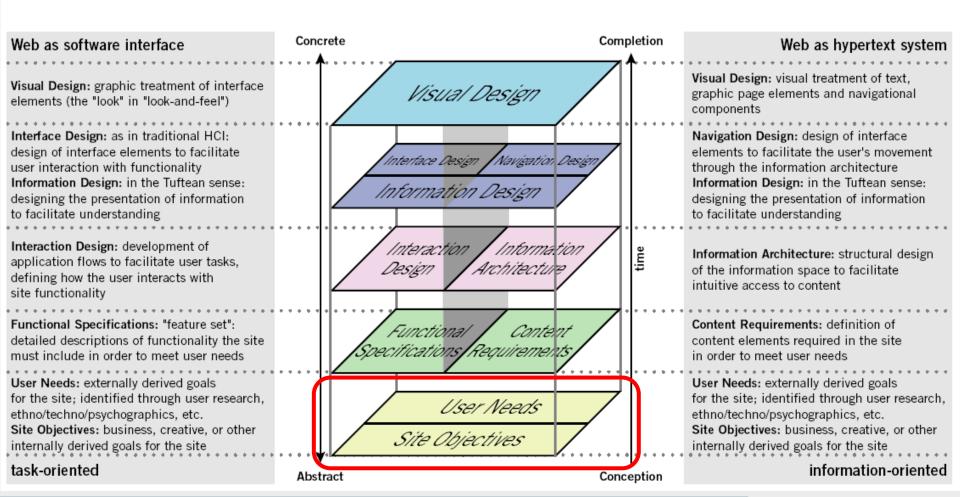
#### ALSO SPECIFY EVALUATION CRITERIA

e.g. hit count, user conversion rate ...

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# STAGE 2: CONTENT REQUIREMENTS

# **CONTENT REQUIREMENTS**

# WHAT NEEDS TO BE SHOWN IN ORDER TO SUCCEED

CONTENT-ORIENTED POINT OF VIEW e.g. tutorials, troubleshooting, user discussion

TECHNOLOGY-ORIENTED POINT OF VIEW e.g. videos, screenshots, texts, online chat

## **FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATION**

#### "FEATURE SET" - DETAILED DESCRIPTIONS OF FUNCTIONALITY THE SITE MUST INCLUDE IN ORDER TO MEET USER NEEDS

e.g. find and display tutorials, start discussions and add to them, directly contact a teacher

MAKE SURE THE FUNCTIONS SATISFY YOUR GOALS

BE CAREFUL IF THEY DIVERT FROM YOUR GOALS

## OUTCOMES OF STAGES 1 & 2

DEFINITION OF WHAT THE PAGE WILL BE SHOWING, IN TERMS OF CONTENT AND TECHNOLOGY

LIST OF TASKS THE USERS WILL PURSUE External goals

DEFINITION OF MY SUCCESS Internal goals

## FORMAL OUTCOMES

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATION

**USER ROLES** 

SITE GOALS

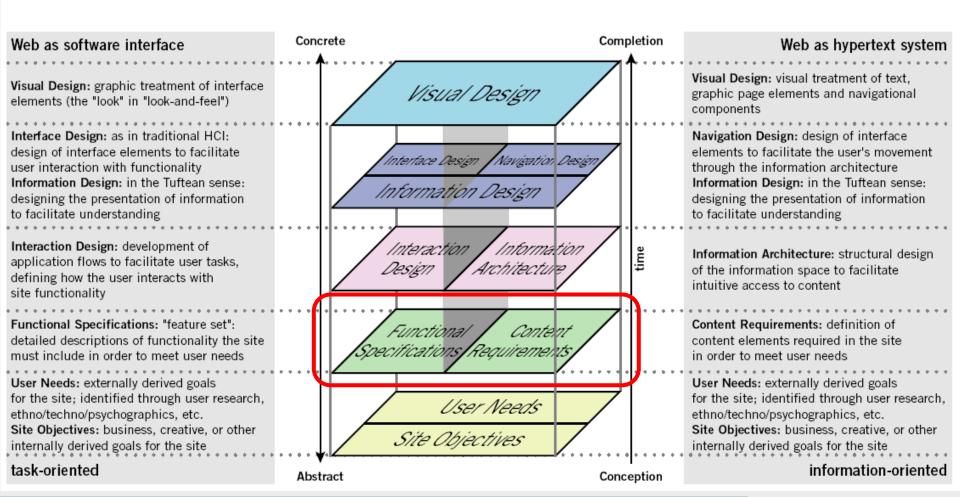
**EVALUATION CRITERIA** 

DISCUSS THIS WITH THE CLIENT

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# STAGE 3: INFORMATION ARCHITECTURE

## WHY STRUCTURE?

# INFORMATION IS USELESS WHEN NOT ACCESSED

ACCESSING INFORMATION IS A PROCESS

THE SHORTER THE PROCESS, THE SAFER THE RESULT

NO STRUCTURE = ARDUOUS RETRIEVAL

## **HOW TO STRUCTURE?**

#### BY USER ROLES

e.g. student, teacher, employee ...

#### BY USER SCENARIOS

e.g. socialize, learn, express ...

#### BY CONTENT SEMANTICS

e.g. textbook chapters

#### BY TECHNICAL SPECIFICS

e.g. flash content / html content

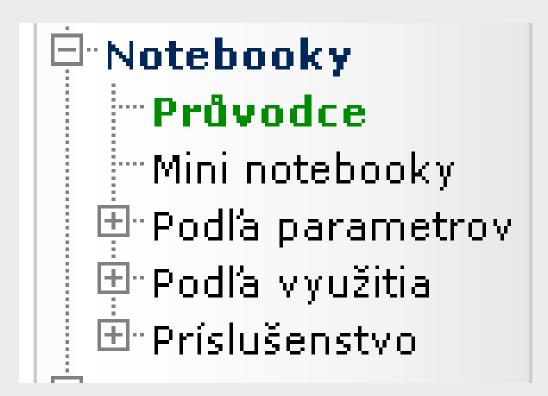
# BAD STRUCTURE

#### ▶ Notebooky

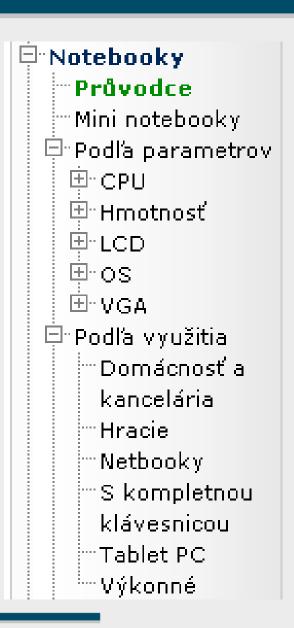
- → Intel Atom (1) ASUS(1)
- → Intel Celeron D (1) ASUS(1)
- → Intel Celeron M (11) ACER(4), EMACHINES(5), HP(2)
- → Intel Celeron Dual Core (8) ACER(3), EMACHINES(1), HP(4)
- → Intel Single Core (26)
  ACER(23), LENOVO(3)
- Intel Dual Core (86)
  ACER(37), ASUS(12), COMPAQ(1), EMACHINES(5), LENOVO(4), TOSHIBA(27)
- \*\* Intel Core2 Duo (208)
  ACER(59), APPLE(1), ASUS(27), BENQ(1), HP(66), LENOVO(26), SONY(19), TOSHIBA(9)
- Intel Core2 Quad (7)
  ASUS(4), HP(1), LENOVO(1), TOSHIBA(1)

Structure by semantics but with wrong perspective.

# GOOD STRUCTURE EXAMPLE



Structure by semantics with variable perspective



## BAD STRUCTURE

- Aktuálne: Osoby, ktoré získali titul na UK, Promócie 2009
- O univerzite: Kontakt, Orgány univerzity, Súčasti univerzity, Rektorát, Legislatíva, Univerzitný časopis,
- Štúdium: AIS2 Akademický informačný systém, Info o možnostiach štúdia, Organizácia štúdia na UK, I
- Veda: Centrá excelentnosti UK, Vedecké projekty a granty, Publikačná činnosť pracovníkov UK, ...
- Služby: Služby Akademickej knižnice UK, Študijná literatúra z produkcie VUK, Sociálne zabezpečenie, P
  diplomov a iných dokladov, ...
- Medzinárodné vzťahy: LLP/Erasmus, LLP/Erasmus Students' Application Form, Partnerské univerzity v
- Linky: Významné pre vysoké školy, Cestovné poriadky

# STRUCTURE BY .... GOD KNOWS WHAT. Semantics? If yes, then what perspective?

# **GOOD STRUCTURE EXAMPLE**



#### STRUCTURE BY USER ROLES

Warning: not always a good idea Can you think of such cases?

# INFORMATION ARCHITECTURE

**BRINGS ORDER INTO CHAOS** 

CONTENT ORGANIZATION

# SUPPORTS INFORMATION RETRIEVAL BY PROVIDING INTUITIVE ACCESS TO INFORMATION



# **MEANS OF STRUCTURING**

#### **HIERARCHY**

Trees, forests

#### **GROUPS**

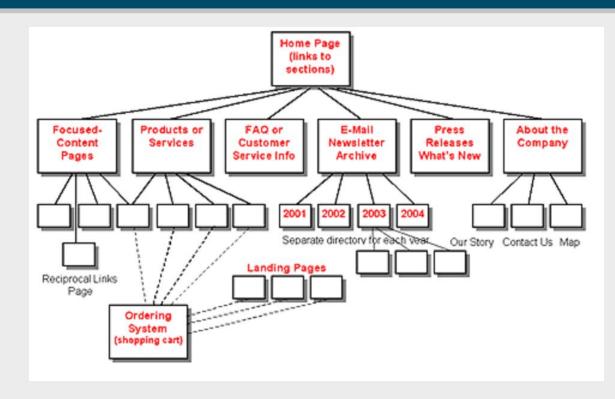
Tags, labels

#### **MATRIX**

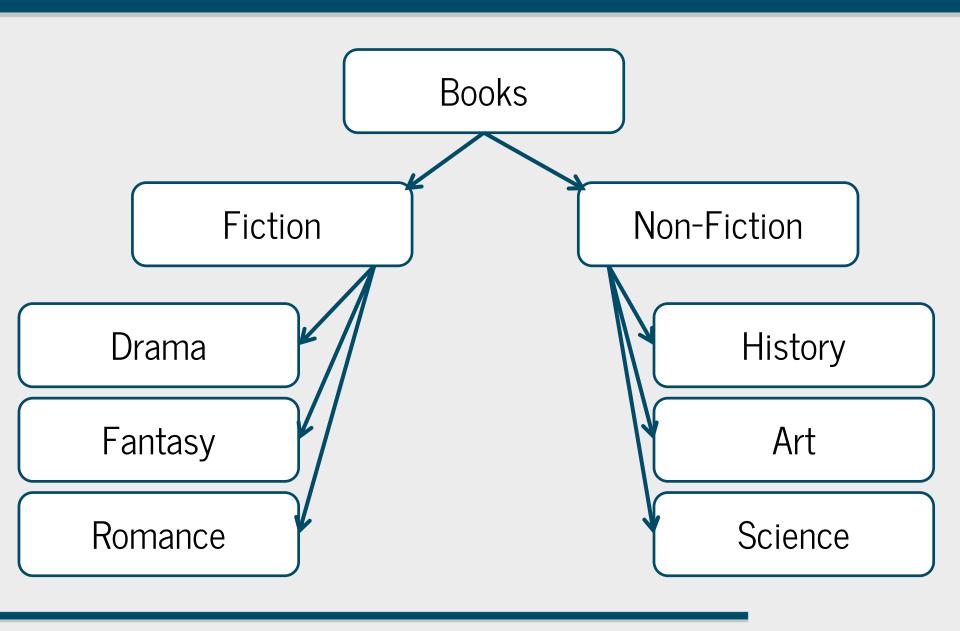
Orthogonal criteria

#### SEQUENCE

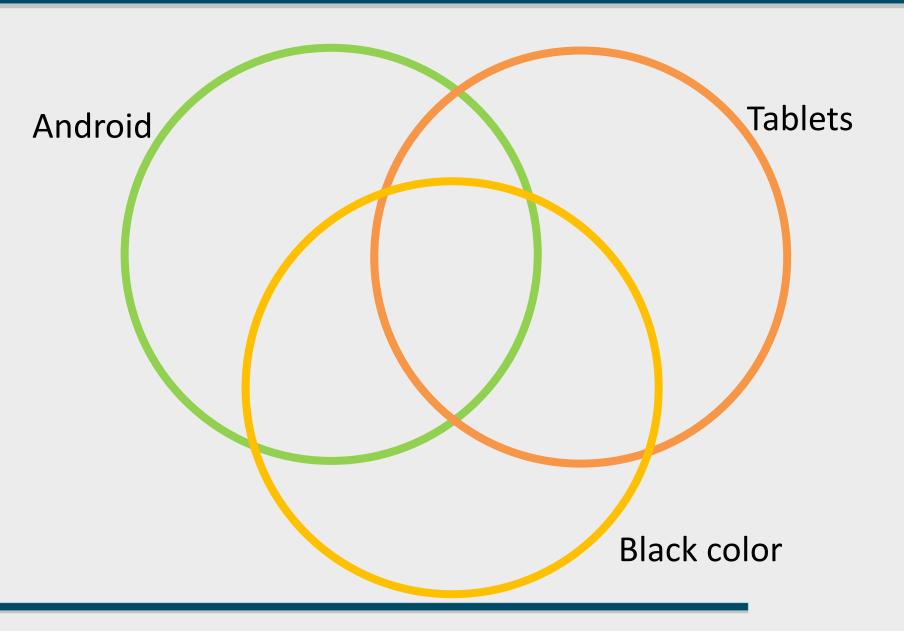
Time



# **HIERARCHY**



# GROUPS, TAGS



# **MATRIX**

#### Statue of **Petronas Eiffel Tower** Liberty towers **Photos** The Eiffel Tower is an iron lattice The Statue of Liberty (Liberty The Petronas Towers, also known tower located on the Champ de Enlightening the World; French: La as the Petronas Twin Towers Mars in Paris, named after the Liberté éclairant le monde) is a (Malay: Menara Petronas, or engineer Gustave Eiffel, whose **Text** colossal neoclassical sculpture on Menara Berkembar Petronas) are company designed and built the ... Liberty Island in New York ... twin skyscrapers in Kuala ... Height Height Height 151 feet 1 inch (46 meters) Ground to torch: 305 feet 1 inch Architectural 451.9 m (1,483 ft)<sup>[1]</sup> 324.00 m (1,063 ft) Antenna spire **Technical** Roof 378.6 m (1,242 ft) (93 meters) 300.65 m (986 ft) Roof 375 m (1,230 ft)[1] Top floor 273.00 m (896 ft) Top floor Technical details data Floor count 88 (+5 basement floors)[1] Technical details 395,000 m<sup>2</sup> Floor area

(4.252,000 sq ft)

78

Elevators

Floor count

Elevators

9

# (MULTI-)SEQUENCE

John's blog post #1

John's blog post #2

John's blog post #3

John's blog post #4

John's blog post #5

Mary's blog post #1

Mary's blog post #2

Mary's blog post #3

Mary's blog post #4

# STRUCTURE IMPLIES INTERACTION

#### INFORMATION RETRIEVAL BY USER QUERIES

#### TOWARDS INTERACTION DESIGN

Application flow How the user will accomplish his/her tasks How the user will interacts with site functionality

# WHAT ACTIONS HAVE TO BE AVAILABLE IN ORDER TO NAVIGATE THE STRUCTURE?

E.g. hierarchical structure implies navigation by picking, tags imply text search ...

# **OUTCOMES OF STAGE 3:**

DEFINITION OF CONTENT STRUCTURE

POSSIBLE LIMITS OF STRUCTURE DEPTH/WIDTH

ATTRIBUTES OF CONTENT ITEMS

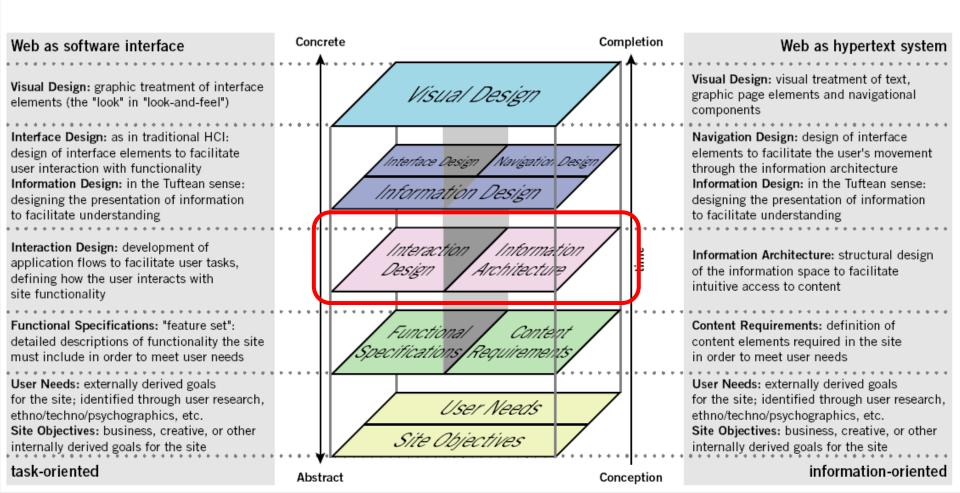
MEANS OF ACCESSING THE CONTENT

DISCUSS THIS WITH DATABASE DESIGNERS AND PROGRAMMERS

30 March 2000

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# STAGE 4: INTERFACE AND NAVIGATION

## **INTERFACE**

CONNECT THE USER TO THE CONTENT

DEFINE HOW THE CONTENT IS DISPLAYED Content interface

CONNECT THE USER TO THE FUNCTIONALITY

WHICH INTERACTION OPTIONS ARE PROVIDED

DEFINE THE LOGIC OF THE INTERACTION Navigation

# CONTENT INTERFACE

#### WHAT CONTENT ELEMENTS ARE SHOWN

e.g. article headline + teaser image, full article + feature pictures.

#### OTHER CONTENT ELEMENTS

e.g. links to related articles, recent content...

# NAVIGATION - HIERARCHIES

#### **PULL-DOWN MENUS**

TREE MENUS

**TABS** 

**MEGA DROPDOWN** 

SHOW ALL



Top Služby

A Autobazár

Prominenti

Klaus podpísal a dodal: Česko nie je suverénne

oŽene

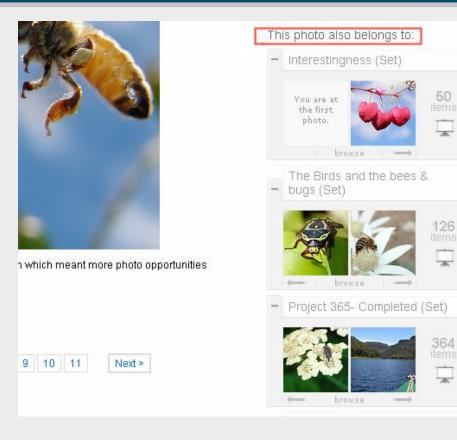
# **NAVIGATION – TAGGED GROUPS**

#### FLOW NAVIGATION

Start with one content item

Continue to others in the same group

Groups may overlap



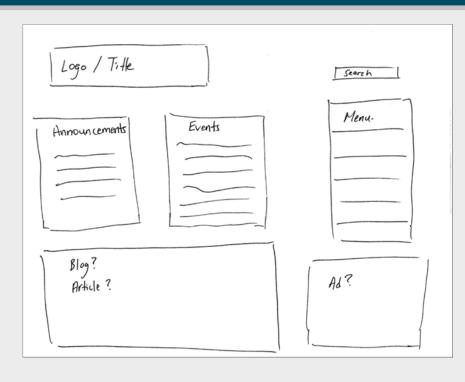
Content decomposition into non-disjoint groups

# **OUTCOMES OF STAGE 4:**

WHAT IS SHOWN

HOW IT'S ACCESSED

WEB PAGE WIREFRAME



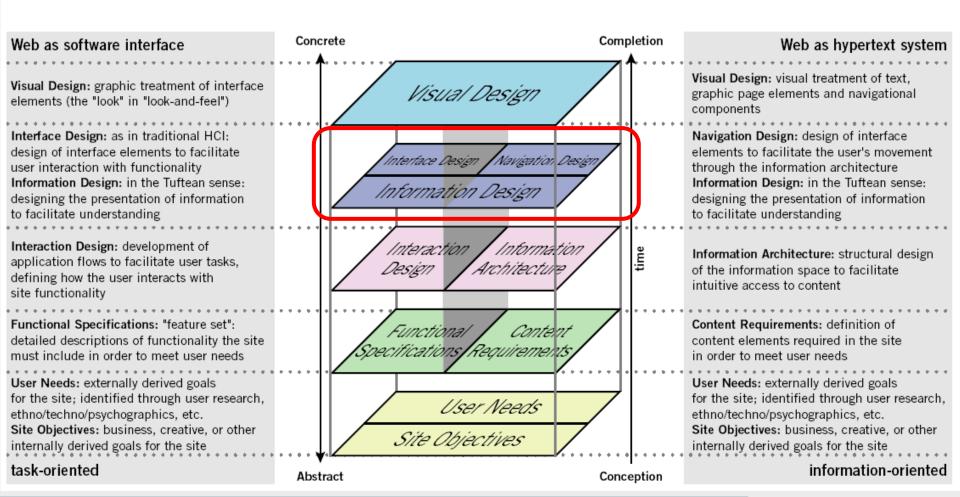
DON'T BOTHER WITH
THE VISUAL APPEARANCE NOW

DISCUSS THIS WITH TEST SUBJECTS

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# STAGE 5: VISUAL DESIGN

## LOOK AND FEEL OF THE SITE

LAYOUT
TYPOGRAPHY
COLORS
MODIFICATIONS

Subpages, low-res version, mobile version, etc...

MORE ON THIS NEXT TIME

## **OUTCOMES OF STAGE 5**

GRAPHICAL DESIGN

Sketches, previews, slices, implemented design

DISCUSS THIS WITH TEST SUBJECTS

DISCUSS THIS WITH THE CLIENT

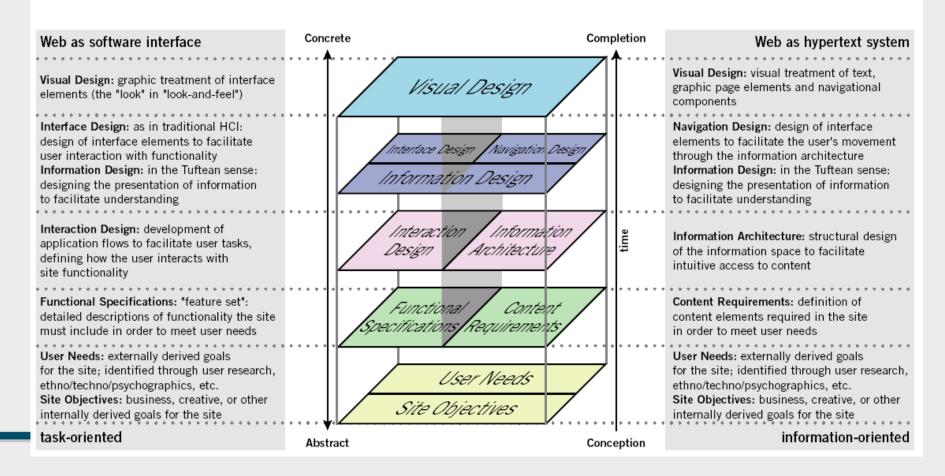
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# WHY NOT THE OTHER WAY ROUND

#### STARTING WITH VISUAL DESIGN?

restrictions on user interface restrictions on information architecture

# STARTING WITH INFORMATION ARCHITECTURE?

some goals/tasks might turn out impossible

# STARTING WITH FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATION

might not match information architecture

## TAKE HOME MESSAGES

USER'S NEEDS AND OWNER'S GOALS COME FIRST

BUILD THE WEBPAGE FROM ABSTRACT TOWARDS CONCRETE

KEEP THE USER NEEDS AND SITE GOALS IN MIND AT ALL TIME

DISCUSS WITH OTHER PROJECT PARTICIPANTS